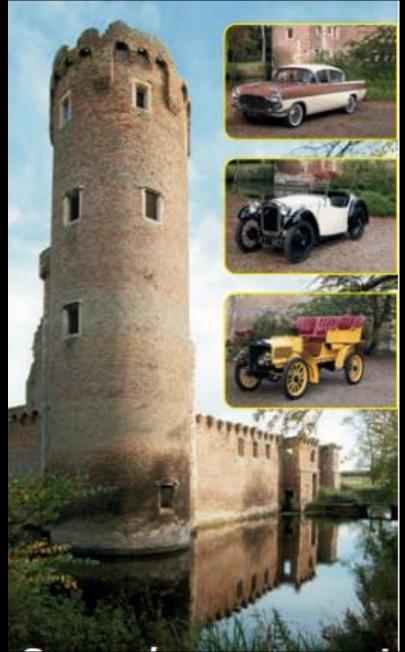
Caister Castle CAR COLLECTION







Caister Castle Car Collection

Anglia legnagyobb veteránautó magángyűjteménye 1966 – tól napjainkig

A gyűjteményt **Dr. Peter Hill** üzletember, korábban Leicester-i megyei tanácsos hozta létre, miután megvette a '60-as évek közepén a Caister Castle birtokot. A gyűjtemény létrehozásának, gyarapításának filozófiája elsősorban az autós, járműves múlt megőrzése, mint az egyes autók restaurálása.

A múzeum járművei jobbára olyan állapotban vannak, ahogy a gyűjteménybe bekerültek. Ezek lehetnek, ahogy egy istállóban rájuk találtak, vagy egy csodálatosan helyreállított limuzin, egy alig futott autó, mely többnyire egy autókereskedés kiállítótermében állt vagy olyan állapotban, ahogy egy adományozótól kapták. A kiállított gépkocsik az autóépítés mindegyik évtizedét képviselik az 1893-as Panhard-Levassor-tól a 2006-ban készült Honda S2000 modellig.

A gyűjteményben számos, nagy érdeklődésre számot tartó ritkaság is van. Kiemelkedő példányokat találunk a gőzhajtású és a korai elektromos automobilokból. A Singer Airstream egy angol szakíró szerint* a legritkább angol automobil, melyből 22 darabot gyártottak és már csak kettő lelhető fel. A múzeumi példány üzemképes.

*https://h2g2.com/entry/A3627605

A képgyűjtemény összeállítója az olvasó megbocsátó elnézését kéri, mert magát

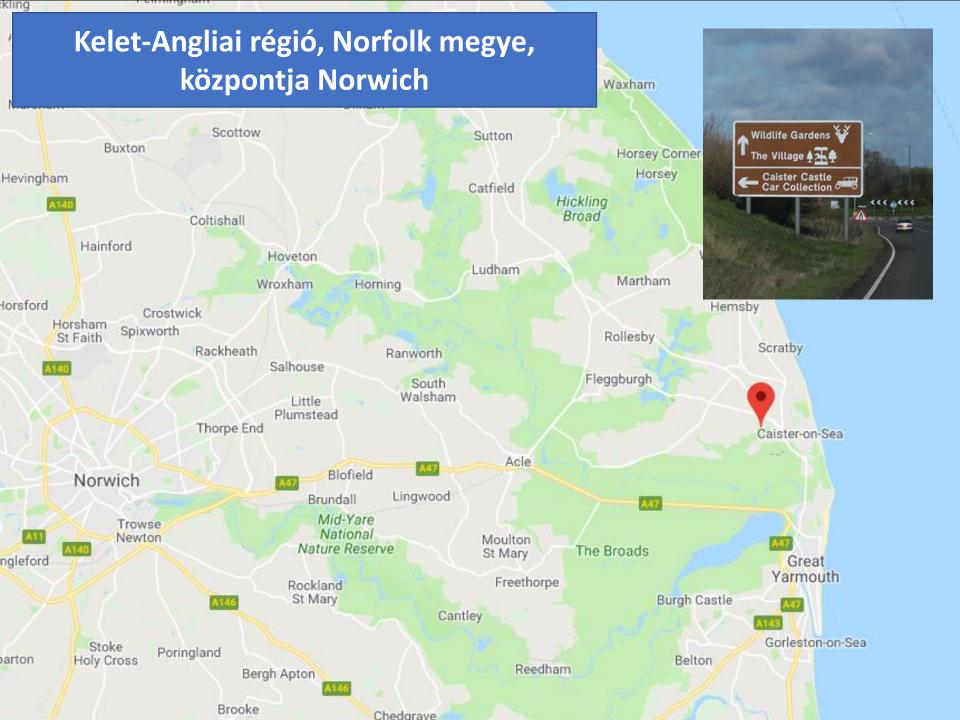
sem a veterán automobilok szakértőjének, sem a fotózás professzionális művelőjének nem mondhatja.

A látogatás néhány órája – 2018. májusában – csak gyors áttekintésre és rácsodálkozásra volt elegendő.

Így, kérem, fogadják el figyelem felkeltőként, mely talán annyira elegendő, hogy az arra járók eldönthessék, megállnak-e itt, vagy a megszállottak tervezzenek-e ide utazást.

Megtisztelő "múzeumlátogatási" figyelmüket megköszönöm.

Dr. Nagyszokolyai Iván



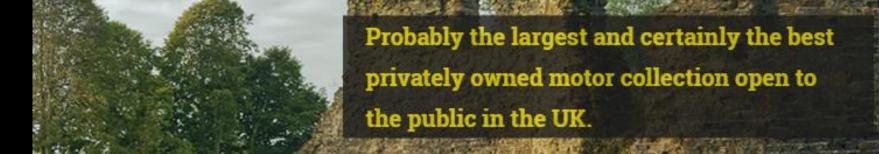


Caister Castle CAR COLLECTION

Caister Castle was built in 1432 by Sir John Fastolf. The ninety foot tower remains intact and visitors can climb to the top for a magnificent view of the castle ruins and the surrounding area. The castle is of historical interest both because it is one of the earliest buildings in England of importance to be built of brick and also of its connection with Fastolf and later the Paston family.

Admission/Belépődíjak

Felnőtt	£15
Nyugdíjas (60 éves kor felett)	£13
Családi jegy(2 adults & 2 children)	£38
Gyermek (5-15 éves kor között)	£7
Gyermek (5 éves korig)	ingyenes



The Castle is currently home to the largest private collection of motor vehicles in Britain which is housed in a purpose built museum and includes many fine and rare veteran, vintage, classic, sports and touring automobiles and motorcycles.

Highlights include:

- An 1893 Panhard et Levassor (the first real car in the world)
- The very first Ford Fiesta off the production line
- Jim Clark's Lotus Peter Rachman's Cadillac
- A Bentley Speed 6 Bugatti Harley Davidson and many more...

The collection is complemented by a display of bicycles, horse-drawn vehicles, pedal cars and other related items.



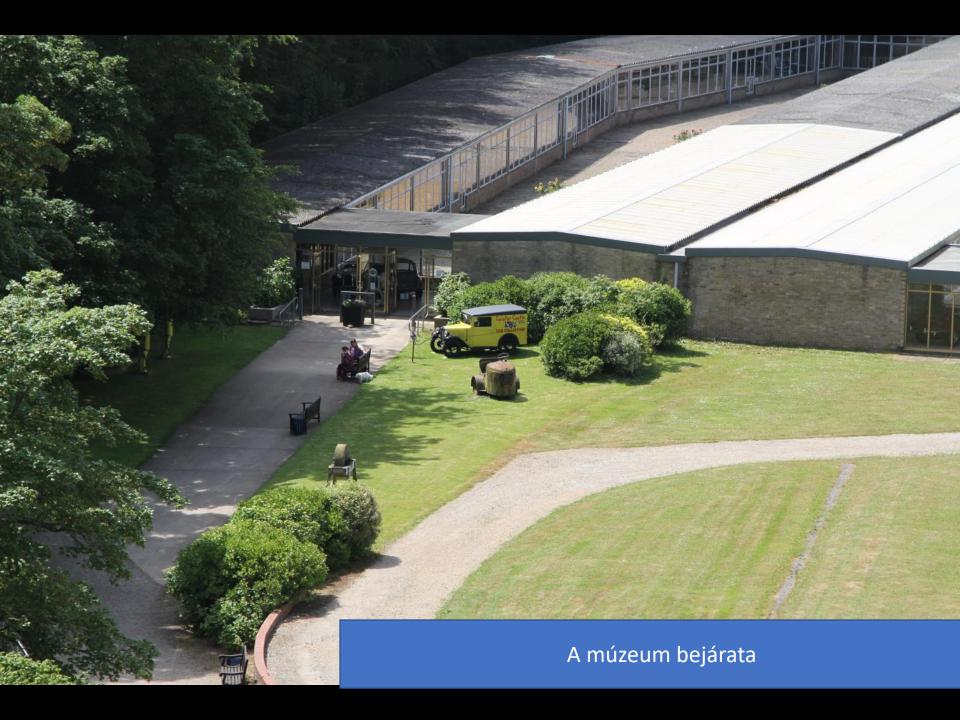
Caister Castle

is a 15th-century moated castle situated in the parish of West Caister, some 5 km (3.1 mi) north of the town of Great Yarmouth in the English county of Norfolk). The castle had a 100 ft (33 m) high tower and was built between 1432 and 1446 by Sir John Fastolf, who (along with Sir John Oldcastle) was an inspiration for William <u>Shakespeare</u>'s *Falstaff*. The castle suffered severe damage in 1469 when it was besieged and captured by the <u>Duke of Norfolk</u>. The castle, other than the tower, fell into ruin after 1600 when a new house was built nearby.

The castle's tower is still intact and can be climbed by visitors.







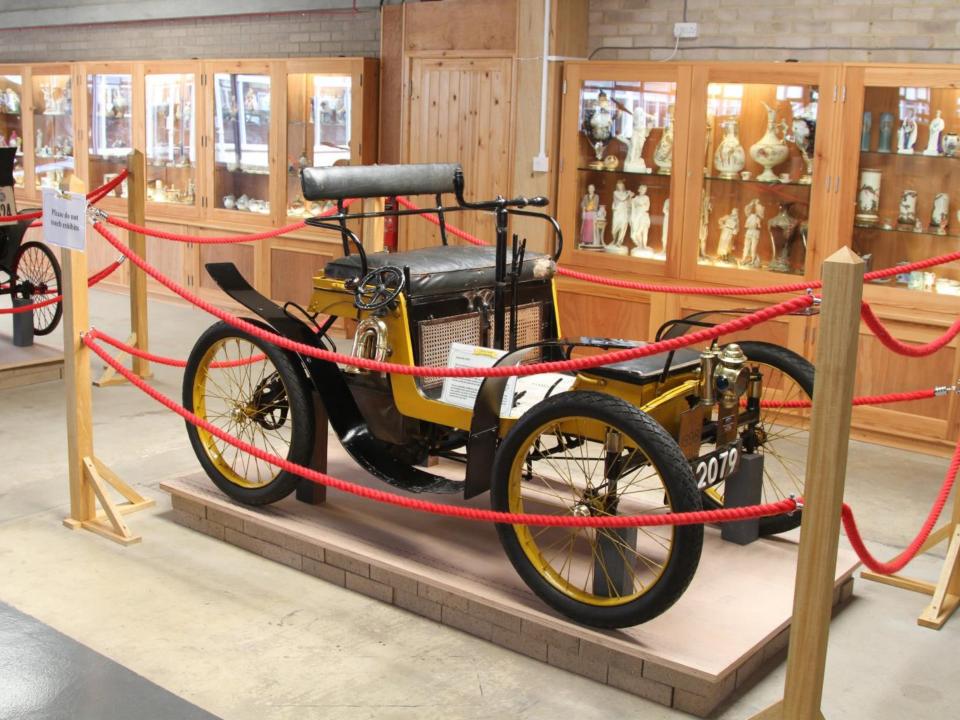












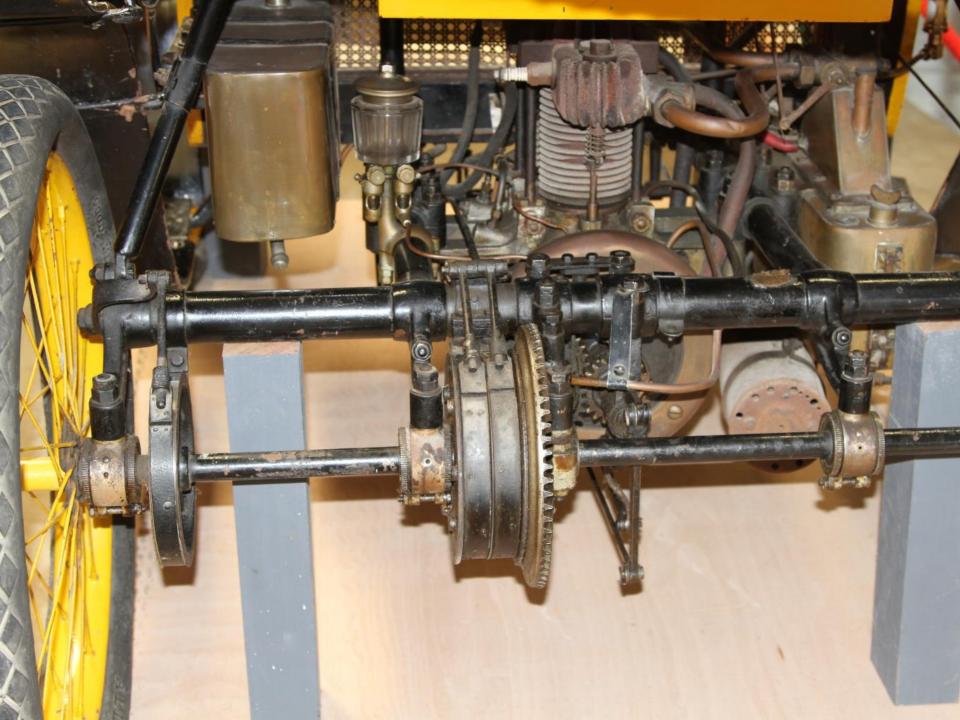


Decauville H2079

This car spent many months immersed in water in a basement in Datchet following the flooding of the River Thames in 1948. It had at one time belonged to a member of the Wills (tobacco) family, hence the colour, 'Gold Flake'.

Following restoration work in 1949, the car completed the London to Brighton Veteran Car run on fourteen occasions and the following advice was provided by the driver of that time, when the car came in to the possession of Dr Hill in 1967:

'The car, incidentally, is difficult to steer with an adult passenger on the front seat, and the Brighton Run should certainly not be tackled with one. If the car flags on a steep gradient, first throw out the passenger, and finally, if necessary, dismount yourself and run alongside, assisting the car up the gradient and manipulating the controls at the same time.'







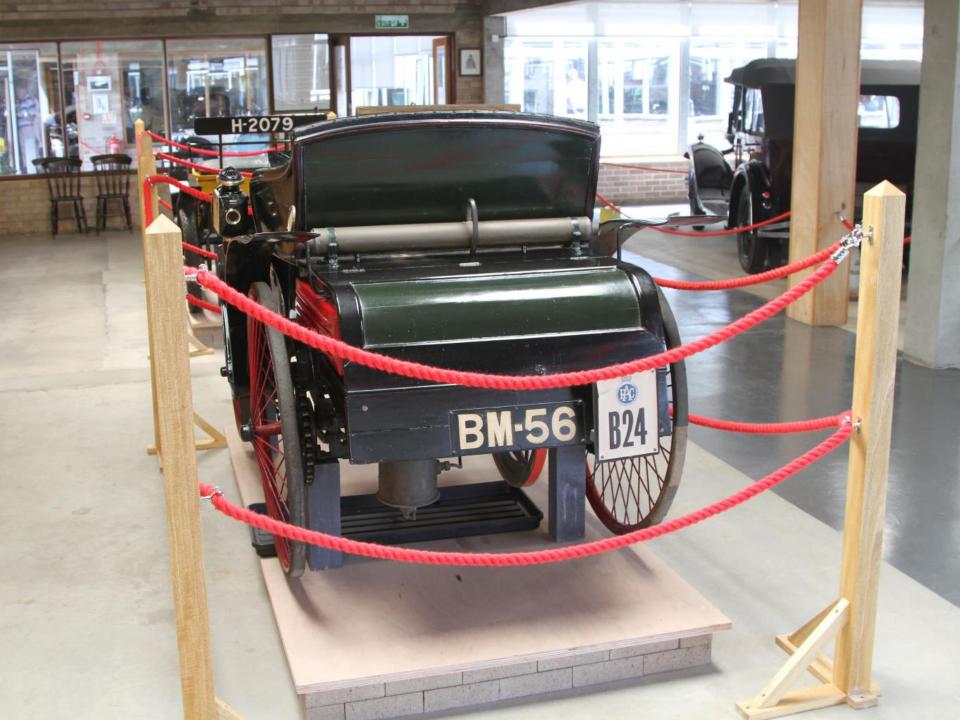
BENZ

Velo 1899 German

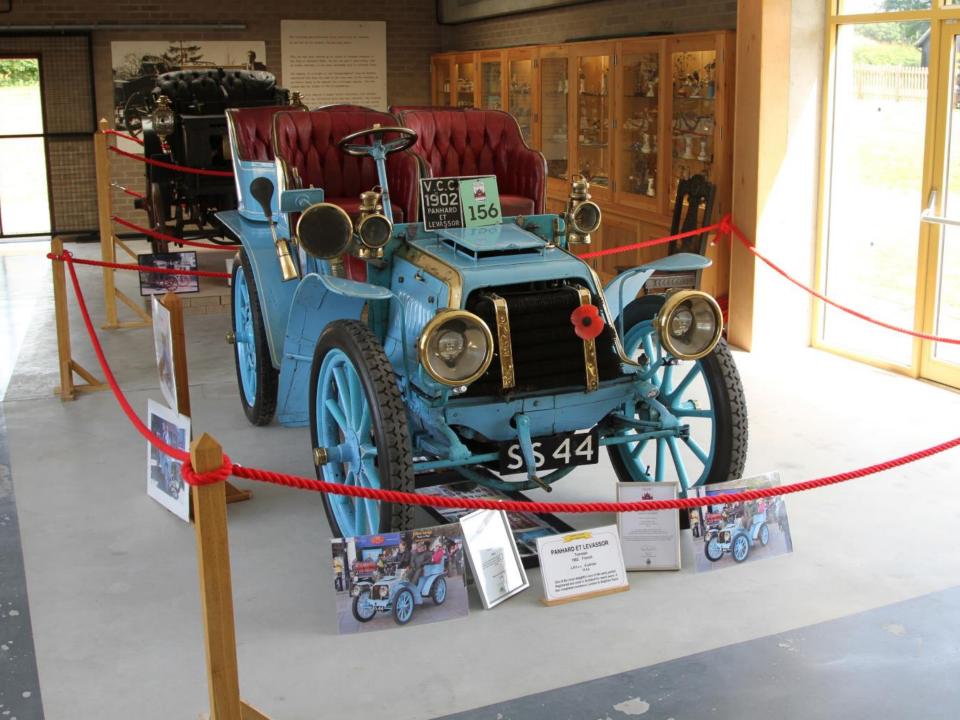
1,140 c.c. horizontal single-cylinder 3.5 h.p.

The Velo was the world's first production car. In essence it is an adapted horse-drawn vehicle with a stationary petrol-engine fixed to the rear. Benz switched to the modern 'Panhard' layout in 1900.



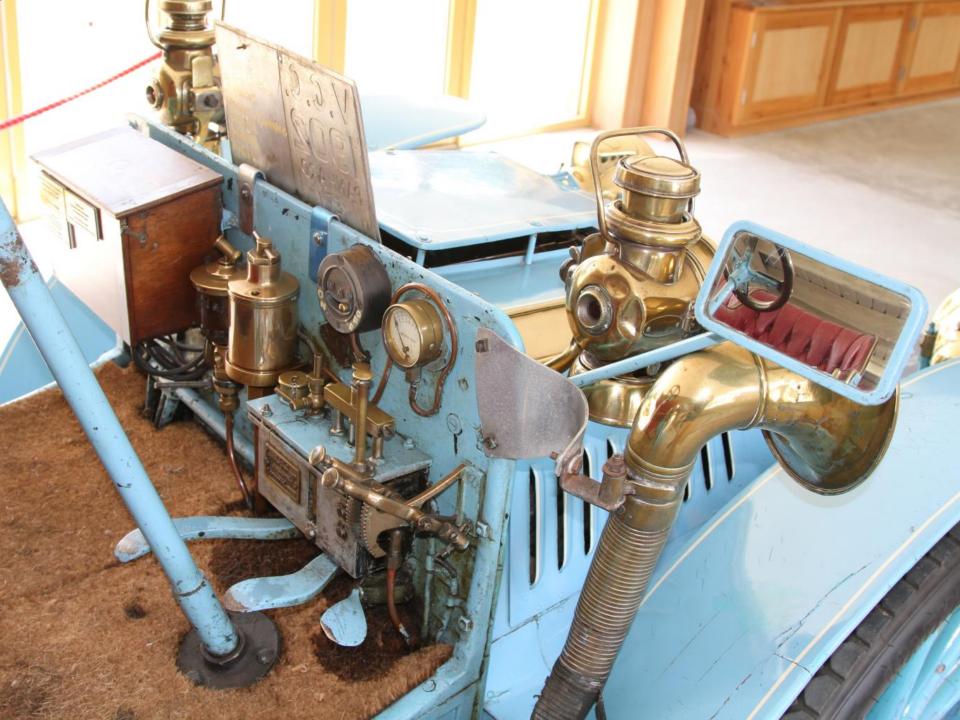














Caister Castle
Car Collection

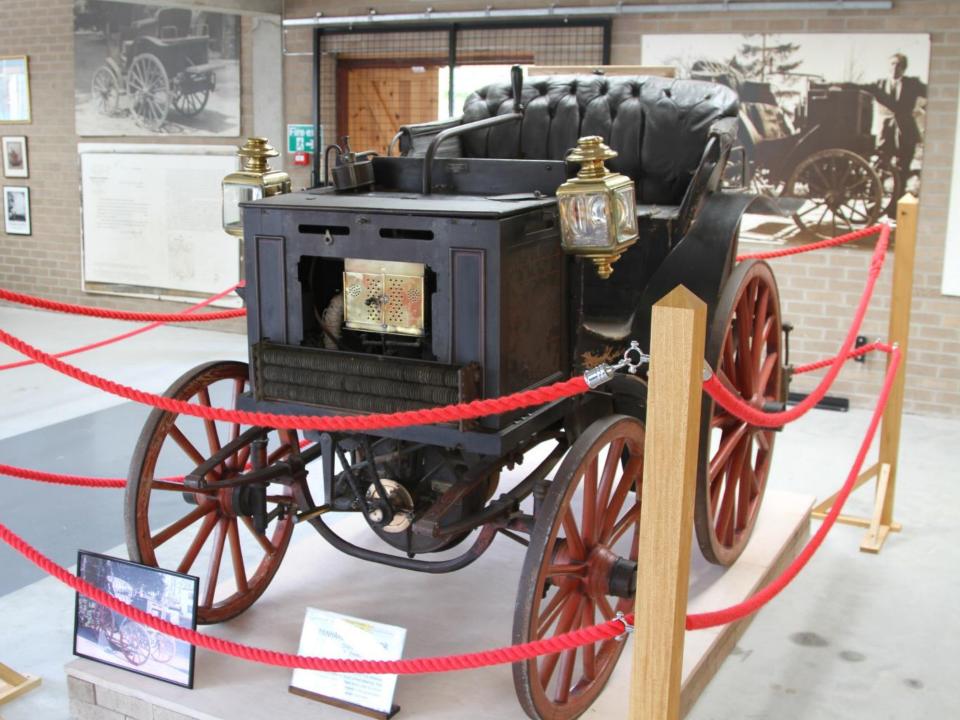
PANHARD ET LEVASSOR

'Dog-Cart' 1893 French

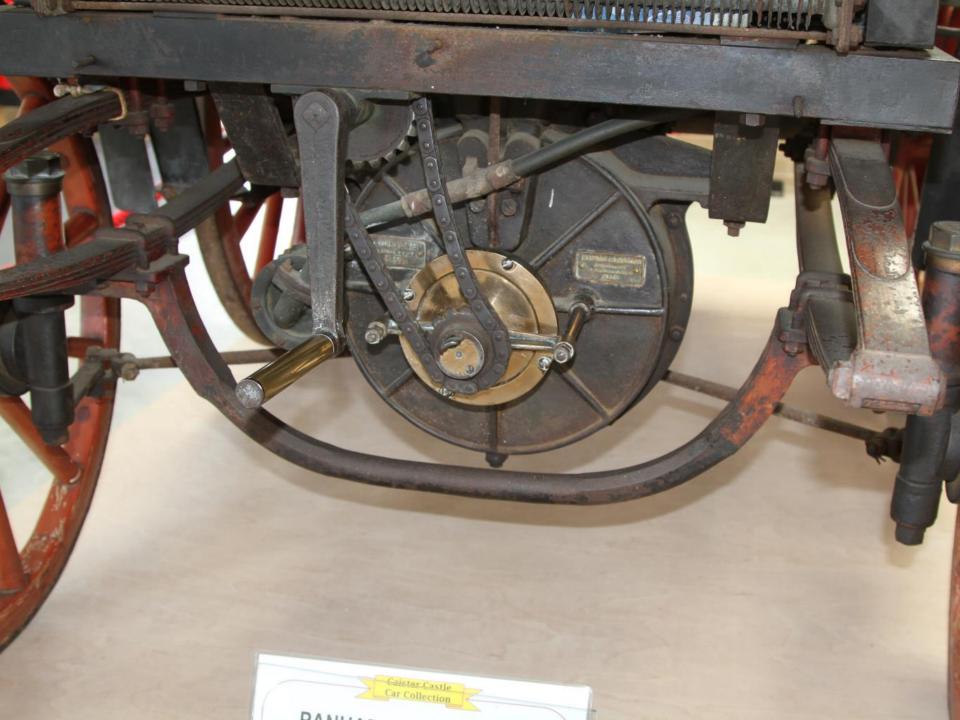
2 cylinder 4 h.p.

The first real motor car in the world. The advanced layout that it introduced: front wheel steering, front mounted engine and rear wheel drive, was to become the universally accepted convention for generations.

Only one previous owner from new.

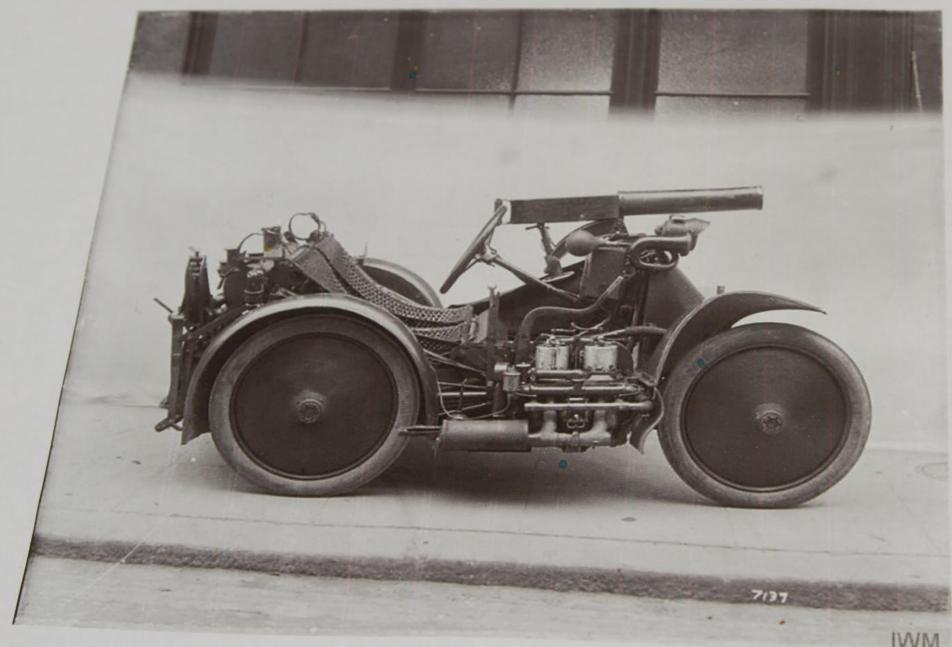




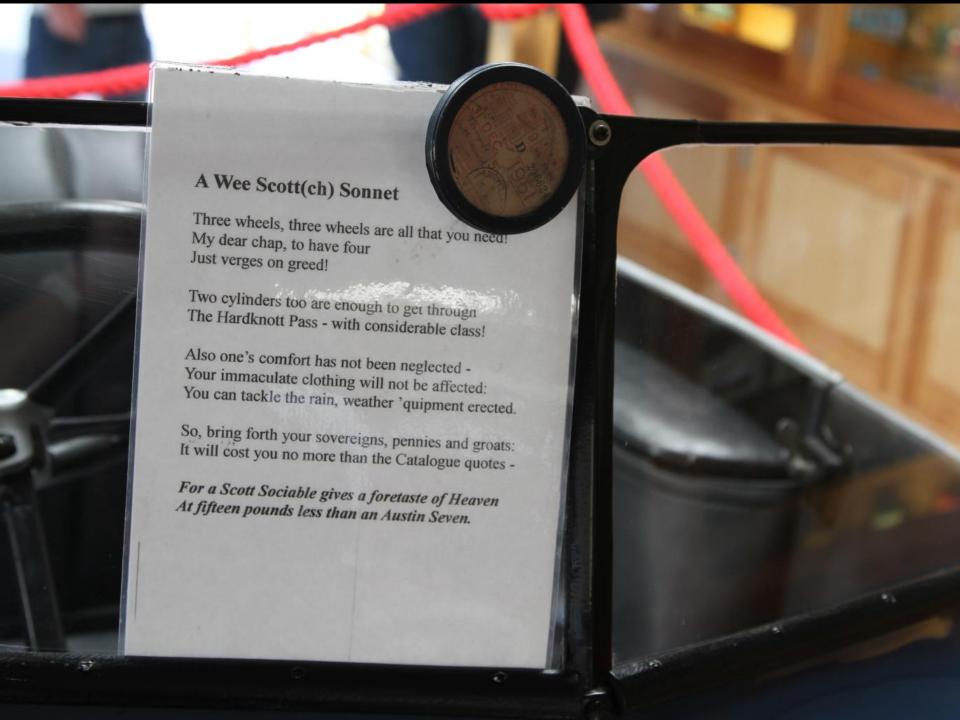








IWM





Caister Castle
Car Collection

LÉON BOLLÉE

Voiturette 1896 French

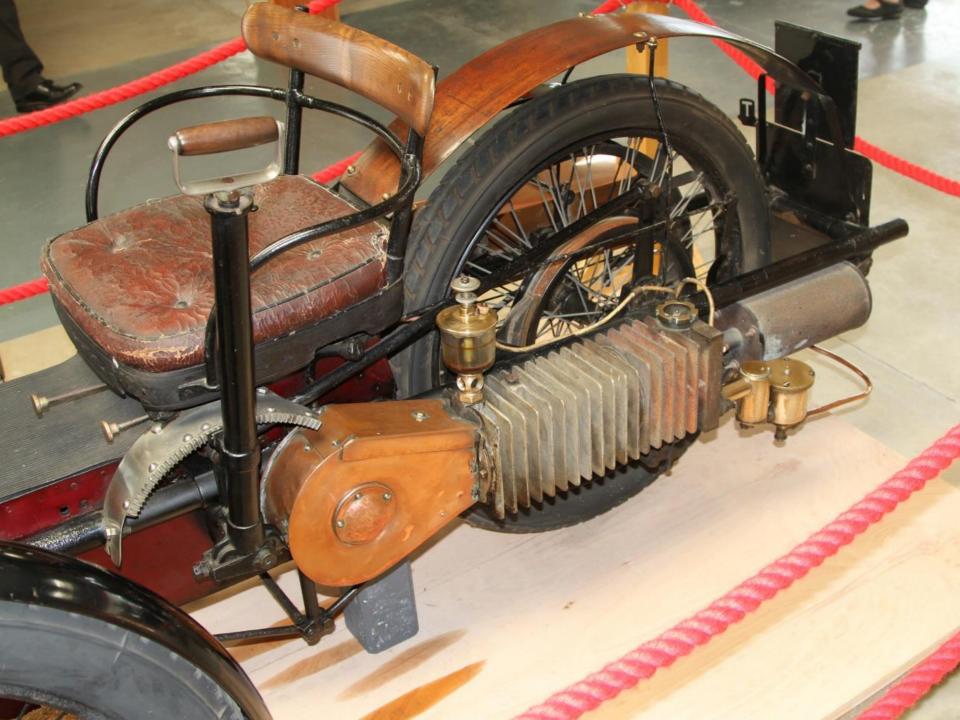
650 c.c. hot-tube ignition single-cylinder 3 h.p.

The Bollée was the first vehicle to have pneumatic tyres. A tandem two-seater three-wheeler, it was the fastest petrol-engined car of the time. This is car no 7 and probably the earliest still in existence.











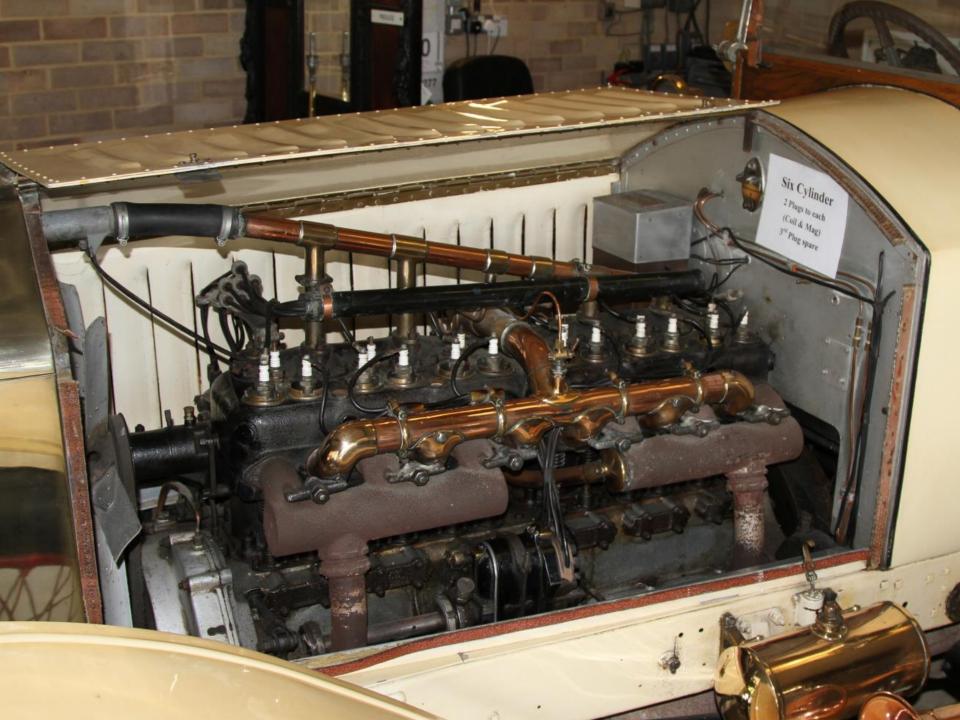














ROLLS-ROYCE SILVER GHOST

Alpine Eagle Tourer 1913 British

7,500 c.c. 6 cylinder side-valve 40-50 h.p.

The Silver Ghost engine made from 1907-25 founded the fame and fortune of Rolls-Royce. Does 60 m.p.h. comfortably and can be driven all day without fatigue,







Car Collection

MORRIS OXFORD 'BULLNOSE'

Two-Seater Tourer 1913 British

1,018 c.c. 4 cylinder side-valve White and Poppe 10 h.p. engine

Created by the practical, logical and commercial mind of William Morris (later Lord Nuffield) from tried and tested components at Cowley, Oxford.













Caister Castle Car Collection

B.R.M

Engine & Gearbox 1966 British

2,999 c.c. 16 cylinder 400 b.h.p.

This engine was in the Lotus car, driven by Jim Clark, which won the 248 miles U.S.A. Watkins Glen Grand Prix of 1966



Caister Castle
Car Collection

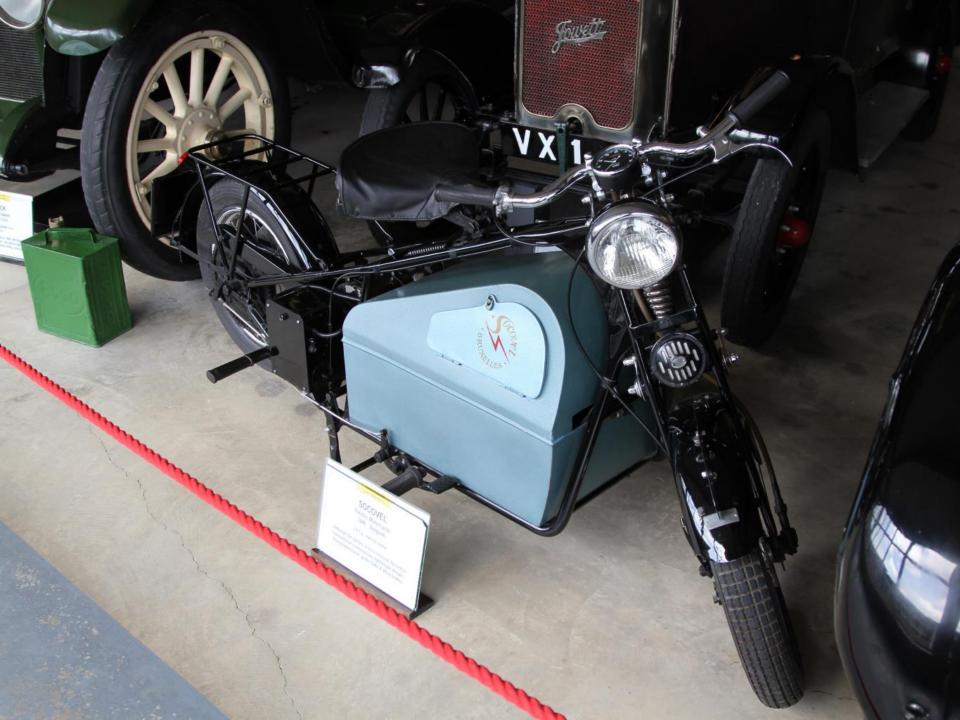
DELAUNEY-BELLEVILLE

Limousine 1913 French

5,400 c.c. 6 cylinder side-valve 40 h.p.

Once boiler makers – hence the round bonnet and radiator. Their chauffeur driven limousines were the very cream of Edwardian motoring.







SOCOVEL

Electric Motorcycle 1946 Belgium

2.6 h.p. electric motor

Although the electric drive is unusual, the rest is conventional contemporary lightweight design:triangulated frame, girder forks & drum brakes.











FORD FIESTA GHIA

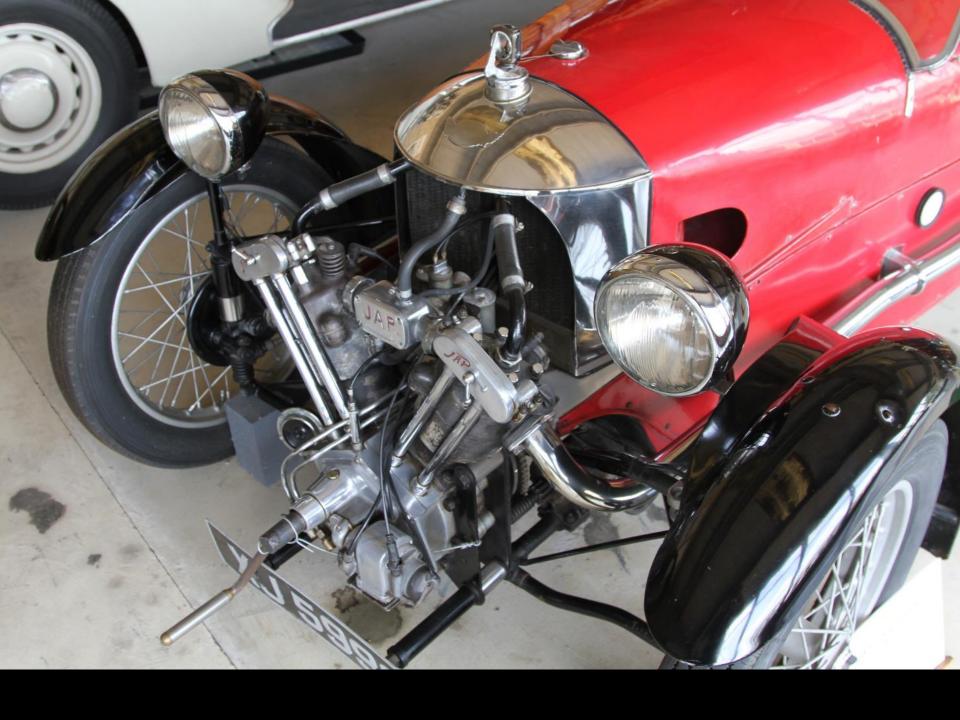
Hatchback 1977 British

1,117 c.c. 4 cylinder o.h.v 53 b.h.p.

This is the very first Ford Fiesta off the production line at Dagenham. It is Ford's first ever front wheel drive and transverse engined car. Registered by Ford with the number JOB 1. Only 169 miles from new.







MORGAN SUPER AERO SPORTS Three-Wheeler

1933 British

1,000 c.c. V twin cylinder o.h.v. JAP (J. A. Prestwich) engine

Always startling performers with a relatively large engine in a lightweight body. Four-wheel Morgans are still handmade to order if you can wait 2 years.





FIAT 501

Tourer 1922 Italian

1,460 c.c. 4 cylinder side-valve 10 h.p.

Fiat (Fabbrica Italiana Automobili Torino) launched the mass-produced 501 in 1919. Unusually smooth and reliable – it became an international best-seller.







CITROEN BIG 15

Traction Avant Saloon 1935 French

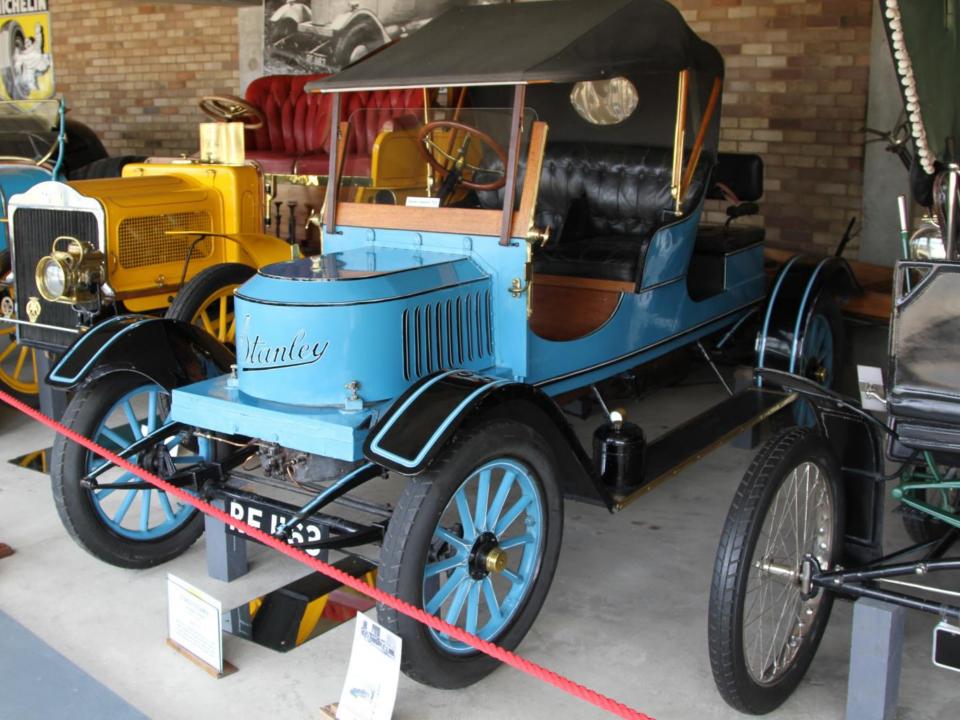
1,911 c.c. 4 cylinder o.h.v. 46 b.h.p.

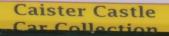
Citroen's first successful front wheel drive car, and with an engine that rotates anticlockwise. Donated by Mr L.F.A. d'Erlanger of London & Morocco. Called 'The Swallow' & 'Phoebe' with affection by his family.











STANLEY STEAMER

Two-Seater & Rumble 1913 U.S.A.

2 cylinder 10 h.p.

Twins F.E & F.O Stanley made their first car in 1897. In 1906 a Stanley set the world land speed record at 127 mph! Slow to start from cold, steam cars were finally eclipsed by the arrival of the electric starter.



Car Collection

A.S.A.C. STEAMER

Two Door Tourer 1935 U.S.A.

2 cylinder 20 h.p.

A.S.A.C. – American Steam Automobile Company – the successor to Stanley. Derr boiler with water tubes opposite way to Stanley. Imported new and used by Dr. Winter as his only car until 1942.





ROVER 75

Saloon 1949 British

2,103 c.c. 6 cylinder inlet-over-exhaust valves 75 b.h.p.

Last model based on Rover's pre-war shape. Donated by Mrs G.E.James in memory of her husband, Mr A. James of Lound, Lowestoft.



LAGONDA 2.6 LITRE

Saloon 1952 British

2,580 c.c. 6 cylinder o.h.v. 105 b.h.p.

A fine car designed by W.O. Bentley, but without sales success. Aston Martin engine. Aluminium body.

Donated by Mr Robin Simpson of Ipswich.





Car Collection

MG TF

Two Seater Sports 1955 British

1,500 c.c. 4 cylinder o.h.v. 63 b.h.p.

Last model in the classic T-series which began with the TA in 1936. Not much admired when new, but today regarded as perhaps the prettiest of all MG's.



















MINERVA

Limousine 1929 Belgium

5,954 c.c. 6 cylinder sleeve-valve

Belgium's greatest marque. The Kings of Norway, Sweden and Belgium drove Minervas. Henry Ford drove one too! Fine quality and beautifully made.



Car Collection

PEUGEOT

YO 8628 1926 French 745 c.c.

Open two-seater. The French firm is still going strong nearly 100 years after this car was made. The French was the largest exporter of cars to the UK.







Caister Castle

SINGER

Airstream Saloon 1936 British

1,493 c.c. 4 cylinder o.h.v. 11 h.p.

Way ahead of its time in a number of ways:-

Pillarless Body. Tubular Seats.
Fluid Flywheel. Wilson Gearbox.
Aerodynamic Shape.





Car Collection

WHITE FILM CAR

"Two-Seater Racing Car" 1925 British

7,668 c.c. 6 cylinder o.h.v.

Also made for the opening sequences of the film "Chitty-Chitty Bang-Bang". Here the racing car style body is on a Rolls-Royce Phantom I chassis.









BUGATTI TYPE 51

Grand Prix Two-Seater 1930 French

2,262 c.c. Supercharged straight 8 cylinder twin overhead camshafts 187 b.h.p.

Ettore Bugatti built his own first car from scratch before he was 20 years old, and went on to make some of the finest racing and road cars of the era.















Car Collection

COOPER 500

Racing Car & Hill Climber Circa 1955 British

998 c.c. V twin cylinder chain drive 70 b.h.p.

The Cooper 500 was a low cost racing car powered by a tuned motorcycle engine. Driven by Jim Elsey, this car competed at the Shelsley Walsh hill climb.













STANDARD VANGUARD

Saloon 1952 British

2,088 c.c. 4 cylinder o.h.v. 68 b.h.p.

The Standard Vanguard was Britain's first full width slab-sided car, made with export markets in mind. Tough and roomy, with seating for 6 on bench seats.





BRIGGS AND STRATTON FLYER

1920?

Yes, this really was a "proper car".

Originally an American design, built by A. O. Smith and Company and called the "Smith Flyer" in 1915; bought by Briggs and Stratton in 1919.

Engine size and performance not known but small and little.











RIKER LONDON BUS

Open Top Double Decker 1913 British

4 Cylinder 30 h.p.

Operated by the London Road Car Company from Victoria to Seven Sisters, with engine and chassis of US origin. Regulation speed 12 m.p.h.

Affectionately known as 'ALF'.



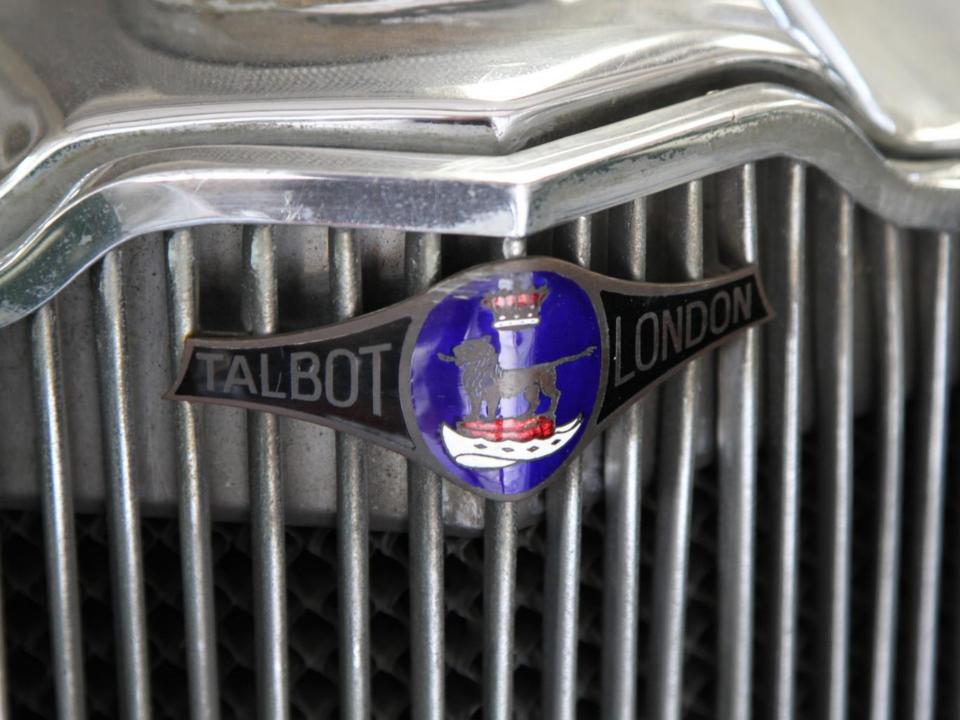


Caister Castle Car Collection

TALBOT

AFC 170 1,750 c.c. 6 cylinder 1934

Named after one of its backers. The Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot. Talbot became the Sunbeam Talbot Dorracq Group, which was taken over in 1938 by Rootes.











Car Collection

DAF

VARIOMATIC

Dutch built car from 1973

2 Cylinder 844 c.c. 34 b.h.p.

Variomatic meant that the engine drove the rear wheels via rubber bands.

Only two gears, one forward, the other reverse. The car could be started in gear.

Some bright idea that never caught on.









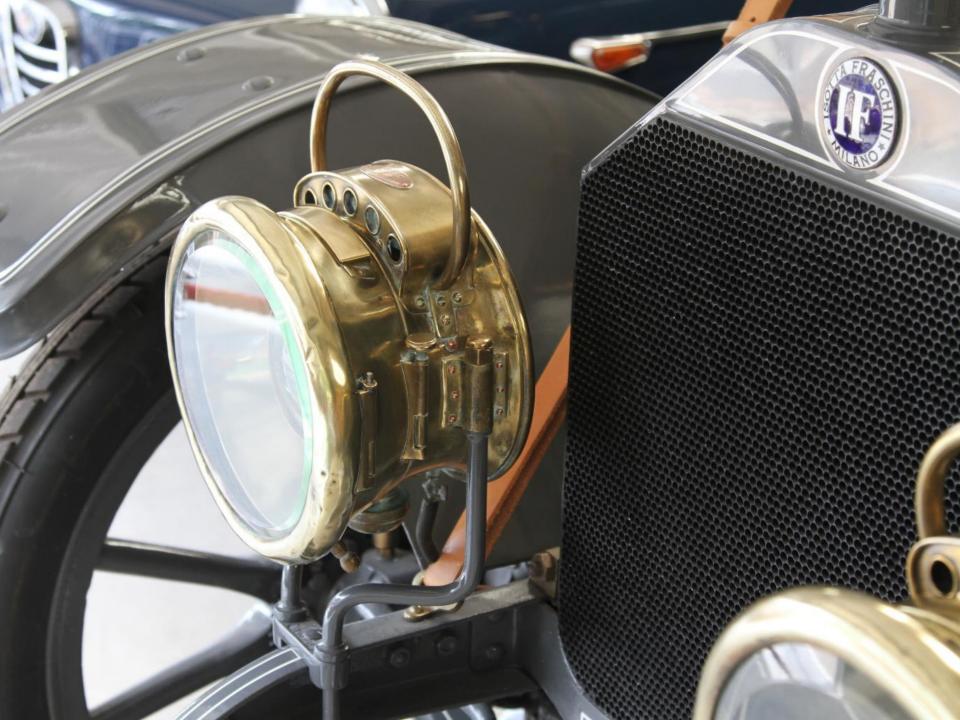
Car Collection

ISOTTA FRASCHINI

1913 Italian

4 cylinder 13.9 h.p.

One of the first luxury car makes. Certainly in the same league as Rolls-Royce and Mercedes Benz. See Michael Ware's report in the Automobile of July 2014. Sympathetically restored by Mr David Wall of Toad Hall Workshop, Wroxham.









Caister Castle
Car Collection

HISPANO-SUIZA K6

Coachbuilt Saloon 1936 Spanish

5,184 c.c. 6 cylinder o.h.v. 120 b.h.p.

Hispanos were the most expensive cars of the day in the world. Considered superior to Rolls-Royce. Exclusive and a favourite of Hollywood film stars.









Lancia "Lambda" which was one of the manufacturer's many revolutionary ideas.



over Europe, an importance comparable to that of the Ford "T" in America. It was, in fact, the first small car built in Europe which was available, if not to everyone, at least to a much larger public than hitherto. It had something of the appearance of a cyclecar, but there the similarity ended. It was made of the best materials and it was robust and well designed. The engine was famous for its long life and survived in production long after Austins dropped the model: manufacturing rights were taken over by Reliant of Tamworth, who fitted the unit in their private and com-

mercial three-wheelers. It had four wheel brakes at a time when the Rolls-Royce Silver Ghost did not, unusual in 1922 when it was launched. More than 250,000 were built.

Another successful English car, albeit a larger one, was the famous 112-litre Morris Cowley built by William Morris, who had designed and put into production in 1912 the Oxford with an 8.9 H.P. White and Poppe engine. After the War the Oxford was produced with a 11/2-litre Hotchkiss engine and the cheaper Cowley, introduced during the War, was made as an austerity

1923 Renault 3 - 4 seater, type KJ 1 with 951 c.c., 3 speeds plus reverse and 47 m.p.h.















Car Collection

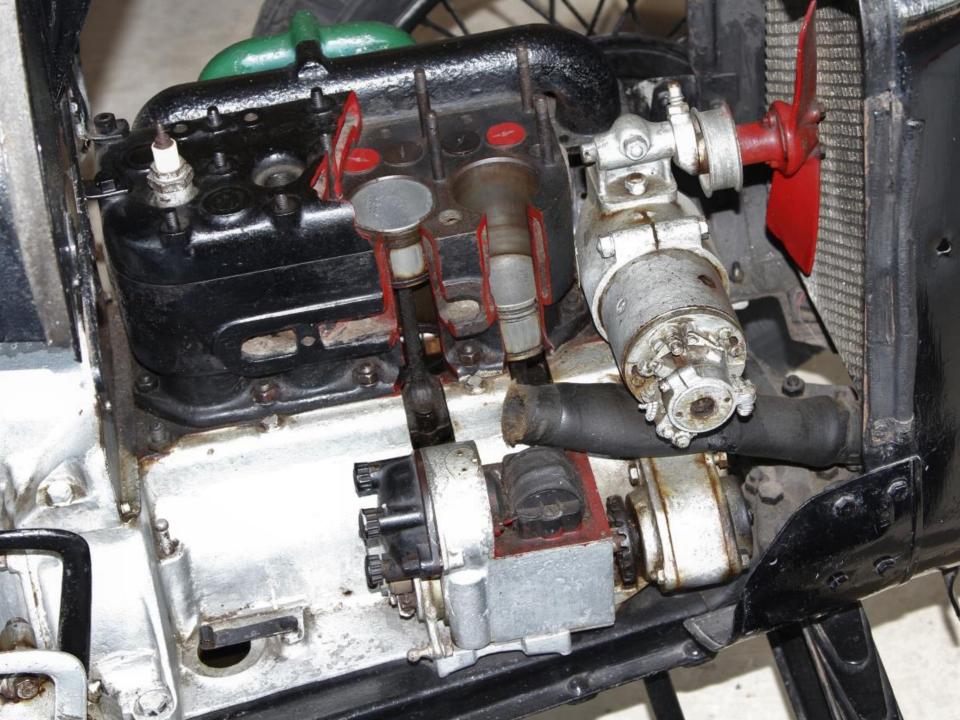
1927 VOISIN C12

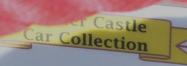
4½ Litre Sleeve valve six cylinders

60 C12s were built, only 2 others known to exist. Probably the best French built car of its day. Gabriel Voisin was a brilliant French aeronautical engineer who went on to build cars. His cars held many land speed records.









AUSTIN SEVEN

Cutaway 1928 British

747 c.c. 4 cylinder side-valve

Produced with cutaway parts to show the internal workings of the Austin Seven to a prospective purchaser or learner driver.





Vége